SHERPA

new Solutions for Hydropower plants to Enhance operational Range, Performance and improve environmental impAct



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Consortium & Key figures

Total Budget: 3.8 M

Project duration: 42 months

Consortium: 7 partners



Figure: SHERPA Consortium partners





WP1

Technical specifications and project requirements



Circular-by-design and flexible operation solutions to minimize wear and improve performance at broader flow ranges

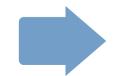
Modelling and monitoring tools to assess performance and flexible operation, damage and RUL

WP3

Innovative approaches for water quality enhancement and biodiversity impact minimization

Demonstration in relevant environment

WP5



Environmental, economic and social impact assessment and replication potential analysis

WP6

Project coordination and management

The Key Role of Hydropower Generation

"Forgotten giant of low-carbon electricity needs a sweeping policy and investment push to put it in line with net zero goals and to support a faster expansion of solar and wind" IEA (International Energy Agency) special report shows.

Hydroelectric power, key to a greener future:



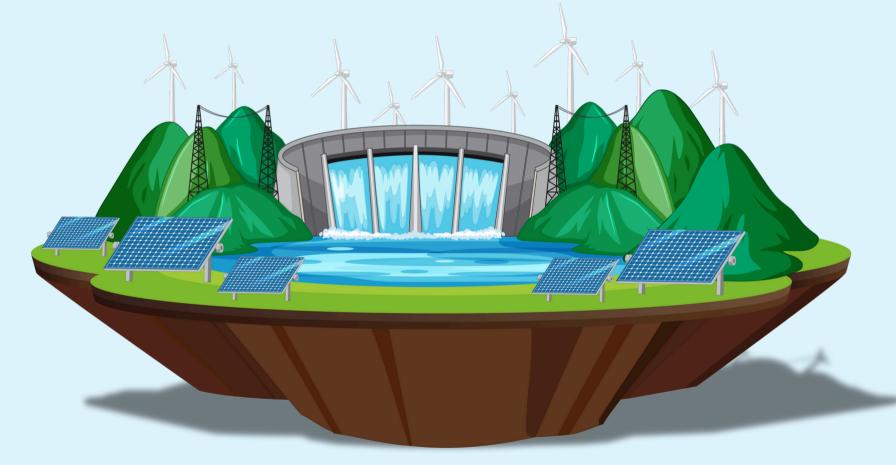




Grid Stability and reliability

Support broader environmental and social goals

Make possible other technologies Wind and Solar



Hydroelectric Technology: The Need for Further Advancement



SHERPA's objectives

Main objective: develop and validate innovative technologies for refurbishing current HPPs through:



AM METALLIC PATCHES AND
COATINGS TO MINIMIZE DAMAGE
AND ENHANCE RESISTANCE TO
CAVITATION



NEW STRATEGIES TO ADAPT ROTATIONAL SPEED DEPENDING ON THE FLOW RANGE.



ADVANCED AIR INJECTION SYSTEMS TO IMPROVE WATER QUALITY AND EFFICIENCY



NEW RUNNER DESIGNS ADAPTED TO E-FLOWS INCREASING PERFORMANCE.



SHERPA's WP and methodology

Dissemination, Communication & Exploitation

WP1 Technical specifications and project requirements Circular-by-design **Modelling and Innovative** and flexible operation monitoring tools to approaches for water WP3 WP4 WP2 solutions to minimize assess performance quality enhancement wear and improve and flexible operation, and biodiversity performance at impact minimization damage and RUL broader flow ranges WP6 WP5 **Environmental, economic and social impact Demonstration in relevant environment**

assessment and replication potential analysis

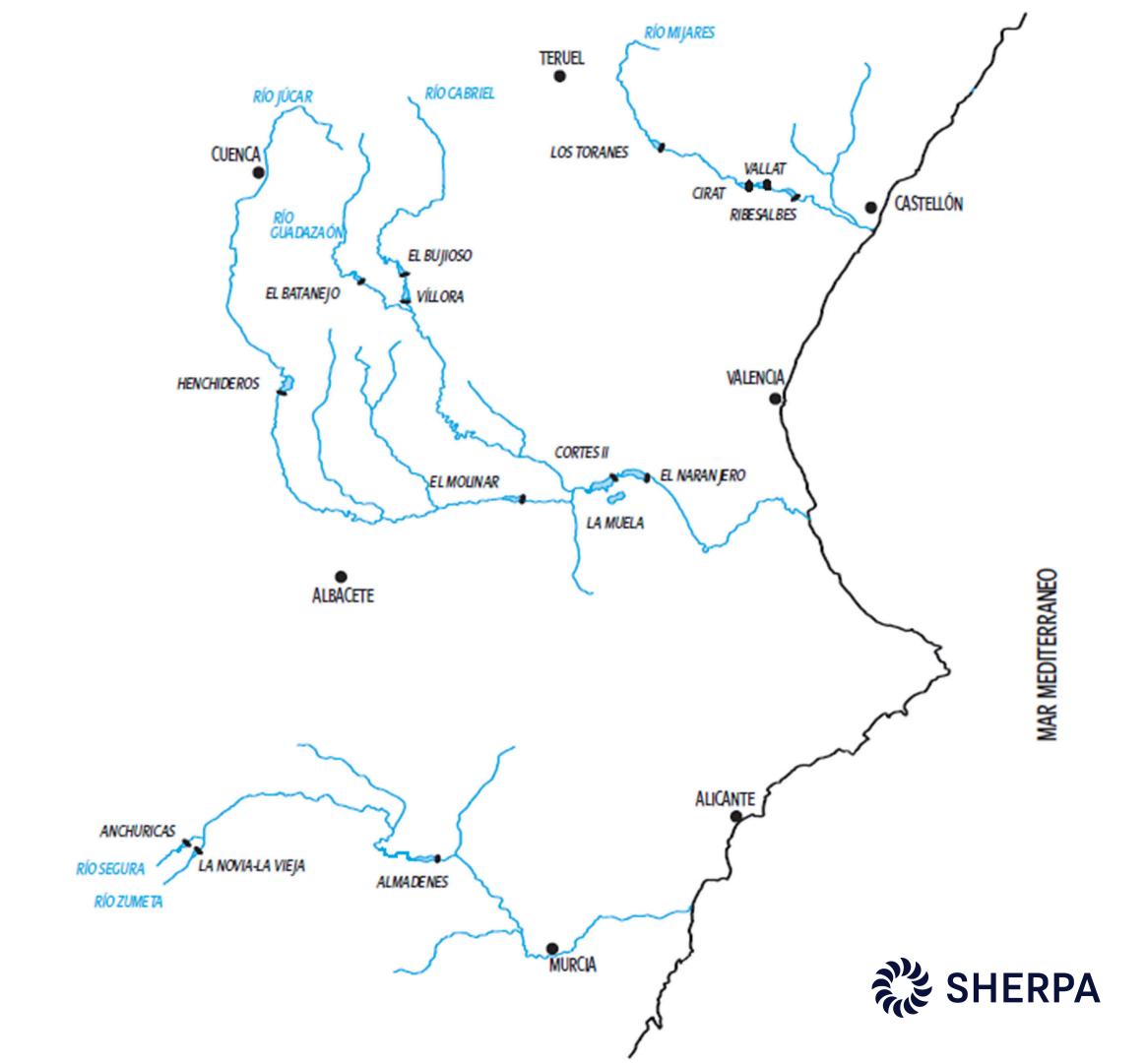
Project coordination and management



WP8

Pilot plants

At the Mediterranean Basin



BENAGEBER

14,83 MW

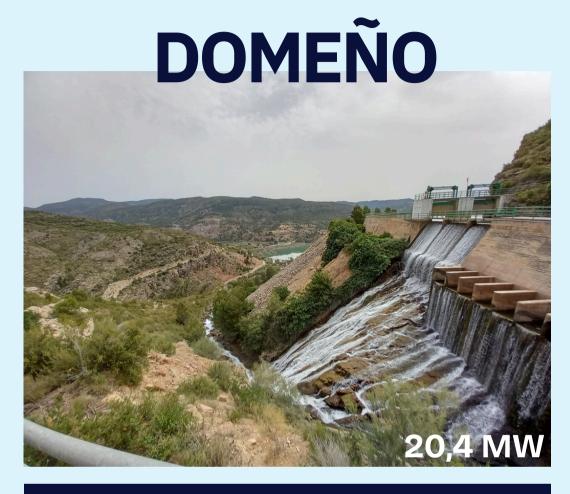
The Benagéber hydroelectric plant has 2 horizontal shaft Francis turbines and is located at the foot of the Benagéber reservoir dam of the Turia river.



To operate at lower flow rates for prolonged periods of time without vibration problems occuring



To extend the operational range down to the ecological flow



The Domeño hydroelectric power station has 1 vertical shaft Francis turbine next to the Domeño reservoir dam on the Turia river. The plant receives the water channeled from the Benagéber outlet to irrigation (Lliria Canal). It also provides water for irrigation which is given priority.



To operate the groups with lower flows with a new runner design



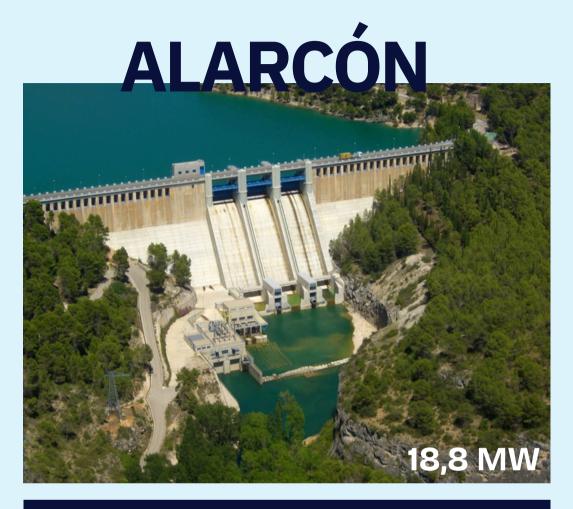
The Contreras hydroelectric plant has 2 vertical shaft Francis turbines next to the Contreras reservoir dam on the Júcar river. Group 1 of the plant was modified to reduce the size of the impeller to use it as an ecological group, therefore reducing its power.



To operate the groups with lower flows with a new runner design





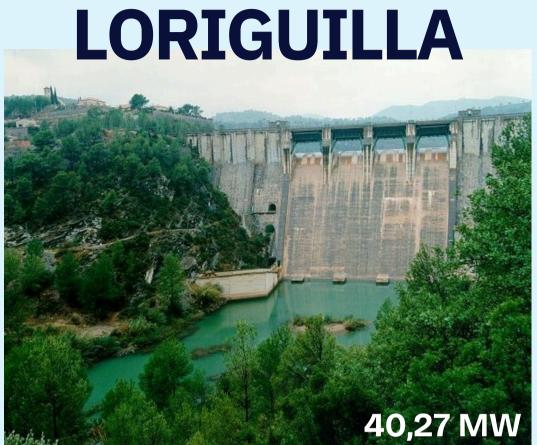


The Alarcón hydroelectric plant has 2 identical vertical Kaplan turbines next to the dam of the Alarcón reservoir on the Júcar river.



To operate the group below the minimum design flow in prolonged periods of time, reaching the ecological flow





The Loriguilla HPP has one vertical shaft Kaplan turbine and is located at the Loriguilla reservoir in the Turia river.



To extend the operation range to the ecological flow



Pilot plants SAN PEDRO At the Sil Basin SAN ESTEBAN **PUMARES** SANTIAGO SAN MARTÍN CASOYO MONTEFURADO + **SANTA EULALIA** RÍO CEA MOURELA **EDRADA** RÍO BIBEY LAS PORTAS

ALTOTAMEGA

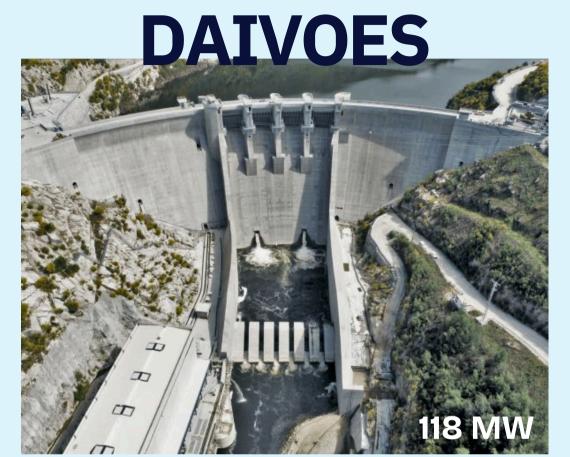
The Alto Tâmega hydroelectric power station has 2 identical vertical Francis turbines next to the Alto Tâmega reservoir dam on the Tâmega river. The installed power is 160 MW. The main purpose of these two groups is to launch the Gouvães bombs in a Back-to-Back startup.



To improve water quality



160 MW



The Daivoes hydroelectric plant has two vertical Francis units+one ecological unit.



Reduce the technical minimum



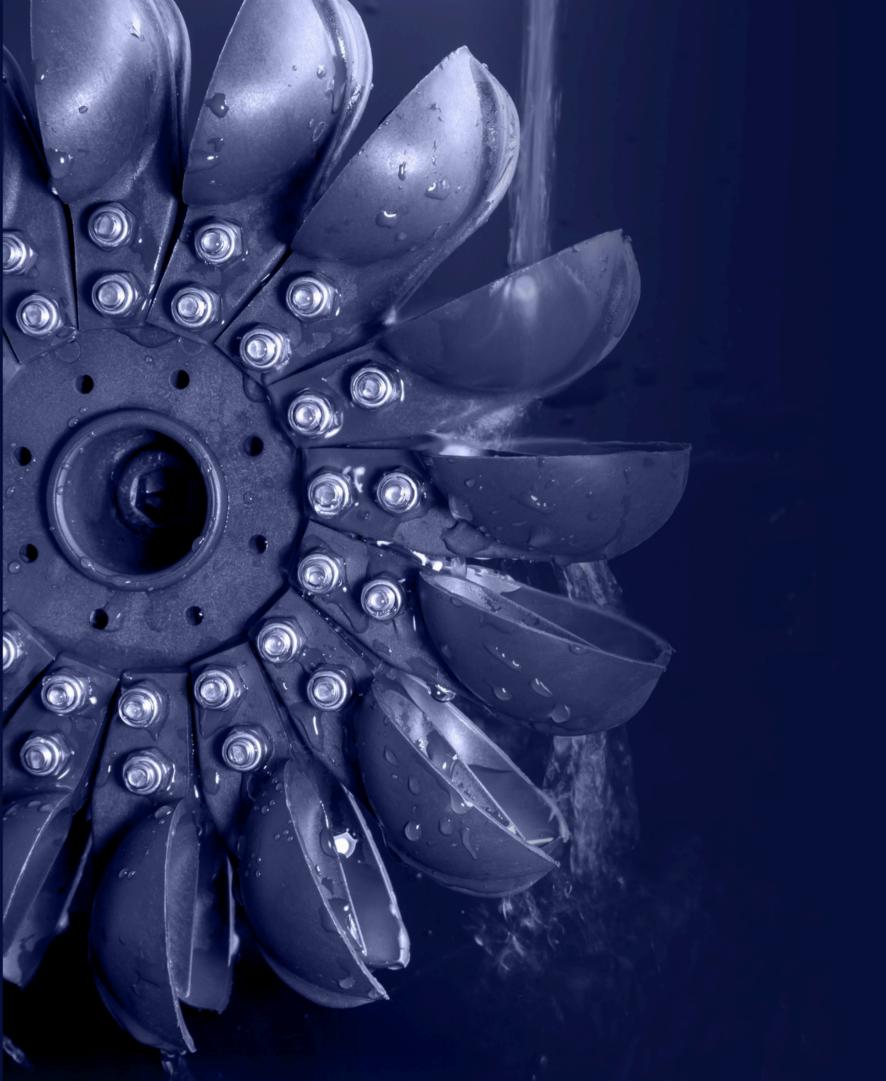


The San Esteban II hydroelectric plant hasone vertical Francis turbine next to the dam of the San Esteban reservoir on the Sil river.





176,9 MW



Thank you!



SHERPA, new solutions for hydropower plants



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